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RICHLAND COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

March 9, 2009

[Members Present: Heather Cairns, Enga Ward, Pat Palmer, Christopher Anderson, Deas Manning, Stephen Gilchrist, Wes Furgess; Absent: Julius Murray, Elizabeth Mattos-Ward]

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: This is the March 9th Planning Commission meeting. I'll read this into the Record for the Minutes. "In accordance with the Freedom of Information Act a copy of the Agenda was sent to radio and TV stations, newspapers, persons requesting notification, and posted on the bulletin board located in the lobby of the County Administration Building." Let's see, has everybody had a chance to review the February Minutes?

MR. PALMER: Yes. Make a motion to approve.

MR. FURGESS: Second.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All those in favor please signify by raising your hand.

All opposed?

[Approved: Cairns, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Not voting: Ward; Absent: Murray, Mattos-Ward]

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. Agenda amendments. None as of yet but I would like to make one. I'm noticing on Chapter 26, Article 5, concerning the GC zoning classifications we're talking about removing the residential uses from that zoning classification and at this point I thought it prudent for Staff to send some notifications out to all the GC landowners; be a note, card, or a letter or something stating that we're talking about changing the uses of their particular zoning. So at that point I would like to defer this until the next Planning Commission meeting so that all GC landowners know what's going on and know what we're trying to take out of their —

MS. ALMEIDA: Well I think the objective at this point is to just entertain reviewing a text amendment as per the request of Council. Our normal operating procedures are not to go ahead and notify every property owner of a specific zoning district when we're talking about either adding or omitting uses until such time as it becomes something that would be recommended. Then we do get a hold of – either, and legal would have to kind of chime in here – we do put notices in the paper on all of our text amendments so we do meet that sunshine law of notifying the general public, even those that may not have property zoned GC.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Well my first immediate thought is this it does effect quite a bit of people and this is a large – I mean, this could impact a lot of landowners and I just don't think we need to rush through that personally.

MS. ALMEIDA: Well this has been asked by Council to bring forth before you and we can obviously at your pleasure, the pleasure of this Board to defer but please keep in mind that we report back to Council and they can repeal that in 30 days.

MR. PALMER: Correct. I think this is – I would tend to agree this is a big enough land change. It's not like we're taking away, you know, dog kennels or something like that. I mean, this is a huge change to the General Commercial district where people have purchased property perhaps with this in mind to use it for and plus to have a public hearing on it and not know that the public is really – unless you read the paper specifically for what's going on you wouldn't know that this is being kind of tossed around by the county.

MR. MANNING: Mr. Chairman, maybe it would be good to have some discussion and at the appropriate time during that discussion a motion could be made

where we could at least have some dialogue and then if a motion is necessary to defer or a discussion about a public hearing is necessary we could, you know, address that all at the same time. At least get some of the discussion on the table so that we could ask questions of Staff as to how this might impact the GC classification.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And I'm not opposed to that. I think, you know, Staff's opinion is right here. My main concern is hearing from individual landowners. Wouldn't ya'll say that the text is written as Council kind of handed it down?

MR. KOCY: Yes, sir.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: I mean, just a brief description I wouldn't have a problem with that but it's just my opinion this affects way too many landowners without having a public [inaudible].

MR. MANNING: And that's some of the discussion I want to ask. How many GC classifications do we have? How much acreage is included in those categories? What is the impact? If you were to say, you know, we've got an ordinance before us that's going to reduce 16 to 10, that's six units per acre. How many acres is it? How many units does that take off the table? I mean, it's got major economic implications and I'd like to get some information about whether we have the public notice, you know, public hearing or not. But at the same time I requested some information from our last meeting when the GC discussions came up. I wanted to see the Minutes just so we could understand what those arguments or the concerns were and I haven't gotten that yet when it was previously before the Planning Commission and I'm not exactly sure when that was. Do you know, Anna?

MS. ALMEIDA: The last time we brought a text amendment –

MR. MANNING: Right.

MS. ALMEIDA: - for the GC? About a year ago.

MR. MANNING: How long ago?

MS. ALMEIDA: Approximately a year ago.

MR. MANNING: Okay. Well, I'd like to see the Minutes from that discussion, from that meeting.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Having said -

MS. CAIRNS: I mean, the only thing I'd be concerned about is I don't think we should – I mean, if the, you know, you raise an issue about the fact that you are asking for a degree of notice that exceeds what we are required to do and I would highly discourage setting a precedent of requiring a process of notice that is beyond what we need to do because it just causes all kinds of problems. I mean, if this was properly noticed I don't think that's the reason to defer it. If there's other reasons to defer, and I don't think that we should say it should be deferred until everybody has written notice of it because that's not necessary or reasonable. But I mean, if we need to, you know – now I don't know how much is [inaudible], I mean, Staff you said something about what's the steps, I mean, like today Council's asked us to consider this.

MS. ALMEIDA: Well understanding that we are not a public hearing, this is a meeting. Normally we put it in the newspaper, over the radio, whatever the means of advertisement, Internet. We do meet the letter of the law in those respects. It is published 15 days prior to this meeting. Once it clears the Planning Commission it then goes to the public hearing with Council and it gets readvertised again in paper, news radio, Internet, and other forms that we use.

MS. CAIRNS: So there's ample opportunity for the public to still be a part of a public hearing regarding this proposed change?

MS. ALMEIDA: Absolutely.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And I do feel like that has been ample time just of the magnitude that this does impact [inaudible] may need to – maybe we need to take some extra steps. This does affect quite a few landowners in Richland County.

MS. CAIRNS: But also, you know, you start out by saying it eliminates residential. It doesn't eliminate residential.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Correct.

MS. ALMEIDA: It limits.

MS. CAIRNS: I just makes sure that it's a part of [inaudible] use. I mean, it's a big change. I'm not saying it's not a big change.

MR. MANNING: But it does reduce the number of units that are allowable which

MS. CAIRNS: Sure.

MR. MANNING: - has an impact on the use and in the past M-1 was afforded the ability to have discussions which ultimately got deferred. They put a sunset provision in for M-1 on that same issue. So any time a classification loses uses I think that's something that the landowner ought to be aware of.

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah. But I mean, you know, there's going to be ample opportunity for the public to know and, you know, I think that we need to not overly emphasis the concept of vested rights in vacant land because there isn't such a thing.

MR. MANNING: I agree with that.

MS. CAIRNS: I mean, and I think that in essence that's what – some of what I hear here is, you know, these people have these rights that we can't take away. If it's vacant land it's subject to rezoning and that's just the way it its.

MR. PALMER: I'm not saying anybody has any rights. I'm saying that with the amount of change that's proposed here from the Council I only think it right that we do have the ability to go above and beyond the minimum standards of things which we do all the time and, you know, people do recommend on this Commission to do a lot to go above and beyond what the minimum standards are and I think this is one of those cases where we can and should do something extra for the community and go above and beyond what the minimum standard would be in notification.

MS. CAIRNS: For Staff, I mean, if we defer this Council can just go forward without –

MS. ALMEIDA: Within 30 days they can pull it back.

MS. CAIRNS: And so basically we've been just asked of Council what we think of this?

MS. ALMEIDA: Correct.

MS. CAIRNS: And they knew that we would not have the opportunity to have public hearing before that.

MR. KOCY: Correct.

MS. ALMEIDA: We would not, yeah.

MR. PALMER: They do have the ability to do that however they [inaudible].

MS. CAIRNS: I know but I'm just you know –

MR. PALMER: Right.

MR. PALMER: But they've never done that. They've always respected the ability to go an additional 30 days.

MR. MANNING: [Inaudible] right [inaudible] public hearing [inaudible] determined to get input from the public.

MR. PALMER: But I - I think what, I don't understand what you're saying because what you're saying if that you agree with having a public hearing but you want to move forward today with a vote.

MR. MANNING: Yeah. I think we need to have the discussion that at least signals to the Council that we're dealing with it, and that if you need to have a public hearing to get further input from the community as a part of this process then we request it. But to do nothing and to defer I think we are taking that issue out of our hands and it could be, it doesn't necessarily, it's not a guarantee that the Council could deal with the issue without our input. That's just, you know, I would rather us take the bull by the horns and do what we've got to do [inaudible].

MR. PALMER: So you're recommending that we keep it on the Agenda for today, have a discussion and take some kind of vote whether to defer or not at that point?

MR. MANNING: Correct.

MR. PALMER: But this item's not even open to the public right now.

MR. MANNING: I know. I'm saying let's request for next month to have a public hearing.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: [Inaudible] text amendment and defer and have it placed on our Agenda for next month [inaudible], Mr. Manning requested?

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MR. FURGESS: I think Deas is trying to say that we listen to the text amendment today and then we take a vote - before we take final vote on this before we send it to Council that we have a public hearing and then we send it to Council with our vote.

MS. LINDER: Mr. Chairman, if I may say so, Council rules state that the zoning public hearing will be held on the fourth Tuesday of the month. This ordinance was sent to the Planning Commission by County Council in January and today, the March meeting was the earliest we could get it before you. The zoning public hearing has already been advertised for this and we are proceeding with the public hearing. It will lack a recommendation by this Body if you take no action. But there will be a public hearing and that is done by County Council. And Ms. Almeida did say that the Council could take this up within, after 30 days if the Planning Commission does take no action which means that any time April 9th or beyond they could take this up. Now they could go ahead and have the public hearing and I suspect that your April Planning Commission meeting will come before the County Council's meeting so you would be able to see it again after that public hearing. But if at this point you do not want to make a recommendation you may recommend, I mean, certainly a deferral is at your discretion. If you're not comfortable with the language you may want to recommend a denial going to Council but this is an ordinance that Council, at least the majority of Council was comfortable enough to say this is what we want the Planning Commission to review. We want their recommendation on this language up or down, or alternative language. If there is alternative language we would take that forward to County Council as your recommendation.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: So the only way that County Council will get our 1 recommendation [inaudible]? 2 MS. LINDER: That is correct. 3 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. 4 MR. PALMER: Well I say we just leave it on the Agenda and [inaudible]. 5 MR. MANNING: Can we request a public hearing for April? 6 MS. AMEIDA: A public meeting. 7 MR. MANNING: I mean -8 MS. LINDER: Are you requesting a second public hearing? 9 MR. MANNING: You're saying that the Council's going to have a public – could 10 have a public hearing. 11 MS. LINDER: That is correct. 12 MR. MANNING: Can the Commission not have a public hearing in April prior to 13 any vote by Council? 14 MS. LINDER: I am not aware of -15 MR. MANNING: In other words we ask them to defer taking any action until 16 17 we've had public input. MS. LINDER: I am not aware of any rules or state laws that say you cannot have 18 a public hearing. 19 20 MR. MANNING: But we have to have it on the fourth Tuesday? MS. LINDER: No. That would be for the zoning public hearing. But if you 21 22 wanted to have a Planning Commission meeting I don't know of any law that says you 23 cannot advertise for a public hearing on any one item that you wanted. Again I would caution you that this is an unusual step that you're asking and I just caution any time we do something that's not normal, because what we like to do is to proceed the same way every time we take up a text amendment. That gives the public some assurance as to how we proceed and does not create any false expectations in my opinion. I mean, certainly the public's going to have an opportunity to speak on the text amendment at the zoning public hearing that's coming up on March 24th.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright.

MR. GILCHRIST: I guess what I'm confused about – so you're saying that there will be a public hearing on this on the 24th –

MS. LINDER: Of March.

MR. GILCHRIST: - of March.

MS. LINDER: That's correct.

MR. MANNING: Before the Council, not the Planning Commission? Normally we would have a public hearing [inaudible].

MR. GILCHRIST: So why don't we just deal with this [inaudible]?

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Sounds good. Any other Agenda amendments?

MS. ALMEIDA: No, sir.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Map amendments. Case No. 09-02 MA.

CASE NO. 09-02 MA:

MS. ALMEIDA: Yes, Planning Commissioners. The applicant, Lawrence Owens, the request amendment is RS-MD, Residential, Single Family, Medium Density to OI. The property is .5 acres at Piney Grove Road. The current zoning of the residential medium density reflects the original zoning as adopted September of '77.

The parcel has approximately 130 linear feet of frontage on Piney Grove Road and approximately 200 linear feet along Palm Tree Lane. Adjacent to the existing – I'm sorry. Currently the area surrounding the subject parcel is residential with exceptions of a day care to the north which is zoned OI. That day care was rezoned in '94 from the D-1 designation which is now RU to C-1 which is now Office Institutional. Adjacent to the existing day care center as seen on your map is a 10 acre site zoned General Commercial which also reflects the original zoning as adopted in '77. In 2007 the office did receive an 84 lot subdivision for single family attached dwellings, eight units per acre. It was approved, the preliminary plans, in 2008 and the balance of the parcel which is General Commercial are existing in vacant commercial land uses. The Staff has reviewed all of the zoning and area. We have visited the site and it is recommended as a denial.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Questions for Staff? There's one person signed up to speak. Gerald Steele? If you would state your name and address.

TESTIMONY OF GERALD STEELE:

MR. STEELE: Gerald Steele, 1901 Main Street, NAI Avant. The reason we're applying for the zoning is this property has been used for that since the '70s. M.C. Smith has been in the dwelling since that period of time. I think his license ran out in '08. The dwelling was gutted and made into office back in the '70s. It has been rented to him since '70 – somewhere in the late '70s and he's been using it all these years as an office and he was in the construction business which some of ya'll remember M.C. Smith. He passed away probably about a year ago. And so all we're trying to do is apply to what it's been used for since the '70s. And if you look at the area, look at the

size of the property where the dwelling is sitting it's been gutted for office use, it's been used as office use all these years. Nobody's ever complained.

MR. MANNING: So this is a process of bringing it in -

MR. STEELE: Yeah. We'd just like to comply to, you know, what it's been used for you know since the '70s.

MR. MANNING: You, being in the real estate business, do you see any other uses that would [inaudible]?

MR. STEELE: I don't see any other use for it. I'm just trying to help Mr. Owens. Mr. Owens came to me due to — he's been knowing me the last 30-something years and I told him I would help him with the zoning. And the reason he's not here today; he's sick and they just called me and [inaudible] last week, last Monday he was in here. He's on crutches; he's up in age. And he bought the house and leased it to M.C. Smith for his construction office and that's what it's been used for since the '70s. And you look across the street with the day care center, you look right up the street what's all in there, and the neighborhood probably thought it was zoned that. And you look at Piney Grove Road, look at the type of road Piney Grove Road feeds back to the Interstate. So all we're trying to do is comply with what it's been used for since the '70s and it's been full of vehicles and construction people all these years. And so if there are any other questions I'll be glad to try to answer them.

MS. CAIRNS: Is it currently used for the same - I mean -

MR. STEELE: It's not being used. Their license ran out '08. They have vacated the piece of property. But M.C. passed away and his son is running the company now.

MS. CAIRNS: So it's currently vacant?

MR. STEELE: The house is vacant or the office.

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CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright, thank you. Any discussion?

MS. CAIRNS: I mean, I think, you know, it sounds like it was a grandfathered use and we have a provision for grandfathered uses and once they let it lapse it doesn't give them an absolute right to rezone it out of grandfathering and, you know, the fact that it stayed a single-family structure as part of, you know, the unobnoxiousness of the grandfathering by chance, you know, and he offered that there's no other use and yet the owner of the property requested the rezoning to what four houses a couple of years ago?

MS. ALMEIDA: Yes.

MS. CAIRNS: So, I mean, there is obviously another possible use if the applicant at that time considered sub-dividing it. So I think the idea that we just rezone it because it's a grandfathered use is not sufficient to rezone it. You know, rezoning it allows it to be demolished and rebuilt for something that would be completely incompatible or as an old structure used for OI. So I think Staff's, you know, recognition of the fact that this is primarily a residential area, granted it's an Interstate road but it is a residential street when you drive that portion of Piney Grove, that I would recommend denial because I think that if the only basis is it was the grandfathered use but we let the grandfathering clause expire that's not enough reason to recommend a rezoning for an incompatible use for the area.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Is that in the form of a motion?

compatible with those residential homes in the surrounding area although high density 1 and medium density, and that's our opinion. 2 MR. PALMER: So the day care sits on the OI across the street? 3 MS. ALMEIDA: That is correct; next to the GC that borders the corner of Broad 4 River Road and Piney Grove. So it is a good transition between the high density and 5 the General Commercial. 6 MR. PALMER: What's the OI down off the cul-de-sac at the south end of the 7 map? 8 MS. ALMEIDA: I'm not sure what that is. Let's see. Do you know what that is? 9 Off of New [inaudible] Drive? 10 MS. CAIRNS: [Inaudible] Parkway? 11 MR. PALMER: [Inaudible] 12 MS. ALMEIDA: Yeah. That was - how far is that Betty would you say? We 13 normally don't go around that far. We just felt -14 MR. PALMER: The homes that are zoned RS-MD that are off of Wade Street do 15 they all access internal roads? 16 17 MS. ALMEIDA: No. MR. PALMER: It looks like they do. 18 MS. ALMEIDA: Internal? 19 20 MR. PALMER: Off of – they access either Wade Street. Does that home on the corner of Wade and Piney Grove is their entrance; do you know? 21 MS. ALMEIDA: I don't know. 22 23 MR. PALMER: It looks like there's a kind of all internal subdivision kind of things.

MS. ALMEIDA: No. It seems like it accesses Piney Grove from you you're your picture, page five.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Any discussion? We have a motion on the floor. Do we have a second?

MS. CAIRNS: [Inaudible]

MR. MANNING: The motion on the floor is to accept the recommendation of Staff.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All right. For lack of a second I guess the motion will just die, correct? New motion.

MR. MANNING: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to make a motion that we send this forward with an approval and since it's in objection to the Staff's recommendation I offer that the site, the size, it's surrounded by multi-family, has office Institutional across the street and commercial although it is residential in the area I find it difficult to use the property as it exists strictly as a single-family residence. And in order to bring - I know this is not being grandfathered in, can't be grandfathered in but to apply uses that were acceptable in the past to bring that back into conformity.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Have a motion. Do we have a second?

MS. WARD: Second.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All those in favor please signify by raising your hand.

Opposed?

[Approved: Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Opposed: Cairns,

Absent: Murray, Mattos-Ward]

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: The case will be sent forward to County Council. We are a recommending Body. Their meeting is –

MS. LINDER: March 24th.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: - March 24th. Next on the Agenda. Text Amendments. Chapter 26, Section 26-184.

MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, we're deleting much of the language in this chapter, in this element. We feel that the Green Code offers much more flexibility than the current parks and open space provision and so we've amended – excuse me, the recreation open space standards and the rest of the of the zoning categories to reflect the Green Code options. This is to decrease the volume of our Code to get rid of some redundant language. We met with the homebuilders on this. This is the consensus language we came up with.

MR. PALMER: So the homebuilders have agreed to this language?

MR. KOCY: Yes, sir.

MR. MANNING: Well I don't know why we would need to take parks and open space out of any other zoning district even with the Green Code. I mean, it would seem to me that we would want to promulgate green space, open space, buffers in all developments and have as many tools in your handbag as you can have.

MR. KOCY: We have done that by adding specific recreation open space standards in all the other sections of the Code. The parks and open space original intent was to allow flexibility in the design of subdivisions. We think we provide much more flexibility and many more incentives in the Green Code.

MR. PALMER: But many more requirements to take advantage of it?

MR. KOCY: Not necessarily. 1 MR. PALMER: Well there are more requirements. 2 MR. KOCY: There are more requirements to take advantage of the density 3 bonus. 4 MR. PALMER: Right. 5 MR. KOCY: But of the lot flexibility and the narrower road and pavement 6 standards are always available options. You don't have to have a minimum 7 threshold for that. 8 9 MR. PALMER: I think it's always wise to give incentives to the development 10 community especially in the times we live in today to be able to incentivize them wherever necessary in our Code to have more open space. Wherever those incentives 11 are I think they should stay where they are to be honest with you. And where's this at 12 with the Round top – with the Roundtable – is this not something that's only discussion 13 for the Roundtable? 14 MR. KOCY: No. 15 MR. PALMER: What areas are the Roundtable discussing? 16 17 MR. KOCY: Road standards, parking requirements, storm water management. MR. PALMER: I thought the Roundtable was discussing everything to do with 18 our Land Development Code. 19 20 MR. KOCY: Not everything, no. MR. PALMER: So what is it not discussing? 21 22 MR. KOCY: Zoning classifications, zoning uses, this.

MR. PALMER: But it could discuss this?

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MR. KOCY: It could.

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MR. PALMER: Yeah.

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MR. KOCY: And we discussed this at length with the homebuilders with a large number of representatives of the HBA, everything on the agenda. Not everything. We discussed this and the sign regulations with the homebuilders. This is the consensus we reached. In fact, the language amended at the bottom of page seven is also the recommendation of the homebuilders.

MR. PALMER: I understand that there may be one or two things in here that came from the homebuilders but as far as the Homebuilders Association endorsing this language I don't know if that's the case or not.

MR. KOCY: It was crafted in their offices.

MR. MANNING: Well that really doesn't matter to me. I mean, I'm glad that everybody got together on it to try to work something out from their position and yours but I just quite frankly don't understand why we need to eliminate parks and open space in other classifications. I know that the Green Code does offer some incentives. How many people have applied for the Green Code since we -

MR. KOCY: None. The same number of people that have applied for the parks and open space requirement in the last year.

MR. MANNING: Touché. But if you didn't want to go through a rezoning, you know, you could stay where you are, still have green space, open space that would meet the intent of what the ordinance was designed for. I just personally don't see any reason to change that. I don't think it's going to keep the Green Code from being effective. I think a lot of work and thought was given to that. I think it's a good

ordinance but I don't see why we've got to do away with something else to either prop it 1 up or to make it more attractive. 2 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: [Inaudible] up to speak. [Inaudible] signed up to 3 speak. 4 MS. CAIRNS: Does using the Green Code require a rezone? 5 MR. KOCY: No. 6 MS. CAIRNS: So this – yeah. So there is no rezoning [inaudible]? 7 MR. MANNING: There is no rezoning? 8 9 MR. KOCY: No. It's a development option. MS. CAIRNS: Just like this was a bonus density option? 10 MR. KOCY: Correct, correct. 11 MS. ALMEIDA: No. This wasn't a bonus – 12 MR. KOCY: No. This isn't a bonus density. 13 MS. ALMEIDA: The open space -14 MR. KOCY: This is lot design flexibility. 15 MS. CAIRNS: Well, right which sort of had the effect of a [inaudible] because 16 17 you could net out more -MR. KOCY: Right. 18 MS. CAIRNS: - because of the infrastructure use, right? 19 20 MR. KOCY: Right. MS. ALMEIDA: No. You couldn't net out more lots than the underlying zoning 21 allowed. 22 MS. CAIRNS: But you could accomplish -23

MS. ALMEIDA: Yes. 1 MS. CAIRNS: - closer. 2 MS. ALMEIDA: Right. 3 MS. CAIRNS: I know it's all that -4 MS. ALMEIDA: Gross. 5 MS. CAIRNS: - how do you explain it. 6 MS. ALMEIDA: Right. 7 MS. CAIRNS: It doesn't give you more but you get closer to your maximum 8 9 potential, right. MR. PALMER: Which I don't understand why we're trying to reduce those 10 anyhow. I mean, if somebody zoned for something, I mean, that's what their density is 11 and if they can get to it, they can get to it. 12 MS. CAIRNS: Right, but the only way they can get to it is to do open space. I 13 mean, because otherwise you lose certain -14 MR. PALMER: Well why shouldn't we be encouraging people to have a lot of 15 open space? 16 MS. CAIRNS: But the Green Code does. 17 MR. KOCY: That's what the Green Code [inaudible]. 18 MS. CAIRNS: We basically right now we have [inaudible] 19 20 MR. PALMER: Why can't we do it two places? MS. CAIRNS: Just redundancy. 21 MR. KOCY: Redundancy and the Green Code offers much more flexibility in 22 23 design and road layout and infrastructure.

MR. PALMER: Why don't you take it out of the Green Code and put it here? 1 MR. KOCY: We already have the Green Code [inaudible]. 2 MR. PALMER: We already have this too. 3 MR. KOCY: And this is antiquated and we came up with a better land 4 development tool called the Green Code. 5 MS. CAIRNS: Which allows more flexibility and more – 6 MR. KOCY: Provides much more flexibility. 7 So explain what would happen in a typical [inaudible] in MR. MANNING: 8 9 residential, low density. If I brought a plan to you and, you know, are you telling me I don't have to have parks and open space attached to that plan? [Inaudible] zoning 10 classification I can submit something to you in that classification subdivision. 11 MR. KOCY: Correct. 12 MR. MANNING: What would happen if I had no parks and open space on it? 13 MR. KOCY: Currently or with this proposal? 14 MR. MANNING: With this proposed. 15 MR. GILCHRIST: And Joe, I'm going to ask if you had both options; currently 16 17 and with this proposal, yeah. MS. ALMEIDA: I think currently with the parks – okay, with the parks and open 18 19 space when it was first originated there was misunderstanding where developers 20 thought that they were going to get a density bonus, okay? And it may have been at first discussed in that venue but once it came to actually applying it, it was realized that 21 22 underlying zoning gross density had to remain constant, okay? But it would allow

flexibility in obviously diminishing your lot sizes, okay? So if you provided 25% open

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space you could actually shrink your lot sizes to a very small size as if you were in a different zoning classification; hence being able to reach your gross density, okay? What Staff realized and developers have complained about in the past is we have this piecemeal parcels of open space that sometimes benefit the development and sometimes does not benefit the development. It becomes a nuisance in which HOAs need to maintain them. And of course not in all cases this complies. But through the Green Code we are trying to get more of a unified connectivity, better open space, better design, not just the flexibility of shrinking down your lot sizes. The intent in the parks and open space when it was first crafted was to reach that goal. It didn't quite reach that goal as far as the open, quality of open space necessarily. But it did allow some flexibility for homebuilders to reach their gross density.

MR. KOCY: The Green Code open space provisions are open space and resource protection. The Green Code, it doesn't reduce your lot standards, it eliminates your lot standards. It allows a developer total flexibility in designing the lot yield of his complex. It reduces road widths, it eliminates the need for piping storm water, and in return depending on how much open space you're able to provide you may qualify for a density bonus. If you have 30% open space you get a 10% density bonus. Forty percent open space, 20% density bonus. Fifty percent open space, 30% density bonus. That's on top of the narrowing of the roads, the eliminating piping storm water, and the absolute flexibility in designing your lots.

MR. MANNING: I think that's all I ever – I'm glad the Green Code is there. I mean, I was for it when you proposed it back some time ago. I just don't understand why we change the other. I hear that there is some confusion about density bonuses in

the other classifications and I'm not so sure I wouldn't rather deal with the density 1 bonuses in those classifications than just eliminating parks and recreation in those 2 places totally. And going back to my question, Anna, what would happen if I submitted 3 a plan to you today on RS-LD – 4 MS. ALMEIDA: Um-hum (affirmative). 5 MR. MANNING: - and it had no parks or open space in it? 6 MS. ALMEIDA: Nothing. 7 MR. MANNING: Okay. 8 9 MS. ALMEIDA: You could, even with the parks and open space provision – 10 MR. MANNING: So there's no requirement for parks and open space in those – MS. ALMEIDA: Other than a PDD. 11 MS. CAIRNS: Right. 12

MR. PALMER: You would have to construct to the -

MS. ALMEIDA: To the standards of that zoning.

MR. PALMER: - to the standards of RS-LD and you would not be able to – there would be no incentive for you to put a park in there. You would just do a straight out subdivision with no incentives unless you want to do it for market conditions but there's no reason to put in any kind of green space or walking trails or anything in there because as the developer you wouldn't receive any additional return on your money.

MS. CAIRNS: But you saw that you could go under the Green Code and use the flexibility in the Green Code.

MR. KOCY: Correct.

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1	MR. PALMER: You could but you have additional requirements to construc
2	under the Green Code than you would currently have under its existing density. No
3	density bonus but -
4	MR. KOCY: No, you would not. No, you would not.
5	MR. PALMER: You have build garages and all that kind of stuff.
6	MS. CAIRNS: You guys took the garages out.
7	MR. KOCY: Yeah. You took the garages out.
8	MS. CAIRNS: You just took those out.
9	MR. PALMER: There's other requirements in there.
10	MR. KOCY: We took that out.
11	MR. PALMER: There's no other requirement in the Green Code?
12	MR. KOCY: That's correct. It's all option based. It's all incentive based.
13	MS. ALMEIDA: Right. Not if you don't want extra density.
14	MR. KOCY: Right.
15	MR. PALMER: Right. If you don't want the extra density.
16	MR. KOCY: Right.
17	MR. PALMER: But currently you can have the extra density under the current
18	Code without doing the extra things in the Green Code.
19	MR. KOCY: You could get lot flexibility in the Green Code without hitting you
20	30% open space mandate. You can get total flexibility in lot design and you can narrow
21	your pavement width and get rid of curbs.
22	MR. PALMER: But to do that you've got to have the water parks – whatever they
23	call it, the garden, green garden.

MS. ALMEIDA: No. 1 MR. KOCY: That's again an option to reduce your storm water pond size. All 2 those other - rain gardens reduce infrastructure costs in doing the traditional storm 3 water, curbs, gutters, large concrete pipes pumping everything to a retention pond. 4 Those are all alternatives to reduce the cost of infrastructure. They're not mandated in 5 the Green Code. Those are options available. 6 MR. PALMER: What is mandated to take advantage of the Green Code? 7 MR. KOCY: There's nothing mandated. It's an option; you choose. As a 8 9 developer you choose to take advantage of the Green Code. MR. PALMER: If I choose to take advantage of the Green Code? 10 MS. ALMEIDA: You shrink the lot sizes. 11 MR. PALMER: And I want to shrink the lot sizes. 12 MR. KOCY: You have to provide buffers around wetlands and ponds. 13 MR. PALMER: How much buffer? 14 MR. KOCY: Fifty feet. 15 MR. PALMER: And then the ponds and wetlands then would be? 16 17 MR. KOCY: Fifty feet. MR. PALMER: Where they would be the green space, I guess? 18 MR. KOCY: The wetlands are. Fifty percent of your pond can be counted as 19 20 open space, yes. MR. PALMER: That all goes into the calculation of your -21 22 MR. KOCY: Of your total open space on the parcel and if you hit the threshold, if

you hit 30% you start to get a density bonus of housing units.

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MR. KOCY: Give me an extra 10' of buffer on streams and wetlands. Our Code 1 currently calls for 40', the Green Code asks for 50. 2 MR. PALMER: But currently you can do that without the extra 10'? 3 MR. KOCY: You could come in with a standard subdivision without the extra 10', 4 correct. 5 MR. PALMER: And get that? 6 MS. CAIRNS: You wouldn't get such a small lot probably. 7 MR. KOCY: You wouldn't get the lot layout you want. 8 9 MR. PALMER: Yeah, you can. MR. KOCY: No. If you want 50' wide lots you might not be able to design them 10 that small under traditional zoning. 11 MR. PALMER: I would - yes, you can. 12 MR. MANNING: It sounds to me like where the hang up is is on the density 13 bonuses for whoever's coming in under the current zoning classifications with the parks 14 I mean, the open space requirement. And a lot of people don't request the density 15 bonuses anyway. 16 17 MR. KOCY: That's correct and we're not mandating it. MR. MANNING: And so that's why I'm coming back to why take that out of both 18 classifications? I want parks and open space in all those [inaudible]. 19 20 MS. CAIRNS: The Green Code is what gives you parks and open space. MR. MANNING: But there are requirements in there that are different than these 21 22 others that may preclude people from wanting to go to the Green Code.

MS. ALMEIDA: Because this one is actually giving you more flexibility, more options.

MR. PALMER: But then if that's fine then wouldn't people naturally choose that then over the current situation if they're giving more and getting more and it's a much better plan why wouldn't they just choose it for themselves instead of us mandating they use it?

MR. KOCY: We don't mandate they use it.

MR. PALMER: That's what I – but we would if we took it out from somewhere else. We would then say if you want to shrink your lot size you have to use the Green Code. It's no longer available to you under our current Code.

MS. ALMEIDA: Because we're moving you towards better tools, better design.

MR. PALMER: You don't think more tools are better? I mean, this is taking a tool away.

MS. CAIRNS: This is such close redundancy and I think the management of almost two identical systems that are different is from a Staff – I mean, it makes sense to me to have one method for adjusting lot sizes and increasing density.

MR. KOCY: Right.

MS. CAIRNS: And right now we have one method for adjusting lot sizes; we don't have any method for increasing density.

MR. PALMER: Well I would be in favor of it if you would say under the Green Code you can – you have to put the current Code under the Green Code and say as long as you don't want bonus density you can still say this is a green development but you can lower your lot sizes if you still comply with this other section.

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MR. KOCY: That's in there; that's available.

MS. CAIRNS: Can we get something that like charts the stuff, you know, what -I mean, I know it's – I'm sorry to ask the Staff. I really do apologize but, I mean, I think that, I mean, what I'm hearing you guys saying is everything they're asking for we got. They don't quite seem to get that it's there and so, I mean, could we try to [inaudible] you can adjust dimensional standards under the Green Code as soon as you allow for open space, right?

MS. ALMEIDA: [Nods yes]

MS. CAIRNS: And the only time the requirements become significant is when you go above and beyond which is something you can't do anyway now other than in the Green Code. You know, because, I mean, I think that the redundancy of having two sections of the Code that do almost the same thing but slightly different is not favorable.

MS. ALMEIDA: And I think it will create some confusion for design professionals out there. A lot of clients are probably going to ask them well give me a scenario under this and give me a scenario under that. I mean, I just –

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah, I'm just curious, you know, it's like you take - I mean, so submissions come in using this open space to do dimensional adjustments.

MS. ALMEIDA: Correct.

MS. CAIRNS: Okay. I mean, can you take one of those and see what it would do under the Green Code? I mean, how many of those will get blocked under the Green Code?

MS. ALMEIDA: Blocked?

MS. CAIRNS: Huh?

MS. ALMEIDA: What do you mean blocked?

MS. CAIRNS: In other words someone's come in and said here's my 10 acres, I want to subdivide. I'm going to do the open space so I get dimensional flexibility on my lots. Okay. Take that same thing and have that person walk in and say here's my land, I want to subdivide it under the Green Code. What's different for them?

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: My understanding it's just the buffers, correct?

MS. CAIRNS: But if all they're going for is dimensional adjustments, not bonus densities.

MR. KOCY: Correct. It would be slightly wider buffers under the Green Code and absolute dimensional flexibility in lot design. There would be no minimum lot size. There would be a ceiling as to the number of lots you could get based on the zoning category but there would be no dimensional requirements that the lots must be X feet wide and Y feet deep. That's up to the developer and his design team.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Any discussion?

MS. CAIRNS: But I would I just – I mean, I'd be curious to see graphically how this would play out – which ones, you know, which of the submissions currently using the open space standards could simply nest under the green space, Green Code, with no adjustments or with minor adjustment that are showing how it fits. Because I think that – I think the fear of change is greater than the reality of change in this proposal. Because I think trying to streamline the Code and get rid of really similar sections would be beneficial.

MR. PALMER: Mr. Chair, I make a motion to defer to our next Planning Commission meeting and even open it up for perhaps a work session between now and

then just to take a look with this and Staff and see where we are on the specifics of the 1 language. 2 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: There's a motion on the floor. Second? 3 MR. MANNING: Second. 4 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Motion and a second. All those in favor please signify 5 by raising your hand. All opposed? 6 [Approved: Cairns, Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Absent: 7 *Murray, Mattos-Ward*] 8 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Was that a unanimous vote? 9 MS. ALMEIDA: Yes. 10 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Next item on the agenda is Chapter 26, Land 11 Development Article V. dealing with the GC districts, Section 26-141. Mr. Kocy? 12 MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, this is a repeat of a proposal made about a year ago 13 at this time to eliminate the total multi-family housing requirement or option in the GC 14 zoning district to limit housing on an entire parcel to only 25% of the parcel or to allow 15 multi-family high-rise dwellings but the first floor would have to be non-residential. 16 17 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Where are we right now with the current Code as far as GC? How much residential [inaudible] allow? 18 19 MS. CAIRNS: A hundred percent. 20 MR. PALMER: [Inaudible] CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Okay. 21 MR. KOCY: Sixteen units to the acre. 22

MR. PALMER: Did we not ask for a new zoning classification to come back when this came to us last time, a new zoning classification with GC minus the residential component?

MS. CAIRNS: There was discussion about that.

MR. KOCY: There was discussion on it but it was not a directive to the Staff.

MS. CAIRNS: Short of rezoning land it wouldn't have been – it would have been just [inaudible] –

MR. PALMER: Right.

MS. CAIRNS: - so it would have had no effect.

MR. PALMER: Sure, but people could have come in and asked for that zoning starting from now until if they –

MS. CAIRNS: But people aren't going to ask. I mean, I guess in a -

MR. PALMER: Sure they will.

MS. CAIRNS: - they could have asked to be rezoned into it but.

MR. KOCY: I think this directive was from Council because there was some concern on Council that much of our GC land is being used for residential which is removing non-residential land from our housing inventory or from our – excuse me, land use inventory and also creating instances where the first parcel of a large stretch of GC land is developed as multi-family housing and then you have an instant friction factor of residential users of a large parcel opposing any neighboring commercial zoned land because they think their neighborhood is residential and any office, any retail operations will impact the quality of life in their community. Not quite aware of the fact that their community was built on GC zoned land.

MR PALMER: Absolutely.

MR. KOCY: Well we eliminated a lot of doors but you still have options of non-residential use on the site. We're not down-zoning the entire site to four units an acre, we saying that only a quarter of it can be used for residential and the other three-quarters of the property can be used for traditional GC uses.

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah. I mean, that's – I mean, let's say a GC land and just decide that that 16 units per acres land is a – you know, I mean, that's not really being fair to the fact that we need GC land. I mean, that's what you're saying is anytime you –

MR. MANNING: It might be fair to say we need more multi-family land as well.

MS. CAIRNS: Well we've got multi-family –

MR. KOCY: You've got multi-family.

MS. CAIRNS: - zoning classification.

MR. MANNING: Well it seems that's about the only thing going these days.

MS. CAIRNS: But I mean – yeah. But I mean General Commercial seems like residential, the residential component of General Commercial is not the primary use. I mean, I understand it's in there and therefore it's a by right use. I mean, I get that.

MR. MANNING: And then to require the – to use the second floor, you know, obviously is making it a mixed-use component which drastically impacts the way multifamily is developed. It's a totally different ballgame to go above a storefront than to have stand alone units. If the commercial doesn't go the [inaudible]. I mean, whereas you may be able to build apartments in that commercial district and have it a viable use but the commercial won't fly. So –

MR. PALMER: And you get into completely different management issues as well.

MR. MANNING: Yeah, you do. So I think it's unrealistic to think that every GC property that has a commercial use, I mean, that has a potential multi-family use to be designed as a mixed-used project to me.

MR. PALMER: I agree. How many acres of General Commercial do have and how many acres of multi-family do we have?

MR. KOCY: Don't know that off the top of my head.

MS. CAIRNS: And how much of it's undeveloped?

MR. PALMER: Right.

MR. MANNING: That would be something really interesting to know is how many different parcels we have and how much acreage we have so that we can look at trying to get our hands around some economic impact of what this might do. I know there's no vested right for something that's not developed but still I'd like to know what that impact might be.

MS. CAIRNS: Well I think the only key would be just to make sure that we have left enough land for high density residential and if we do, you know, based on what our projections are. I mean, because it sounds like one of the problems is that we're losing GC, that we're losing commercial, truly commercial land -

MR. KOCY: Right.

MS. CAIRNS: - to residential use, you know. Maybe we need to rezone some of the Commercial Residential, you know, make it what it ought to be and let commercial not have residential or [inaudible] mixed-use which is what this would be.

MR. PALMER: How many apartment projects have we had come in in the last 1 12 months? 2 MS. ALMEIDA: Two? Two big ones. 3 MR. KOCY: Two large student complexes off of Bluff Road. 4 MR. PALMER: So it doesn't really sound like this county's losing its residential 5 land; its multi-family land then. 6 MS. ALMEIDA: And we've an industrial park and the -7 MR. PALMER: It doesn't seem like, you know, even if you had 10 in a county 8 9 this size it wouldn't be losing our multi-family land now would it? MR. CAIRNS: No, commercial land. 10 MR. PALMER: We wouldn't be losing our general – my agendas are not full of 11 things that are being asked to be zoned General Commercial. If we were losing 12 General Commercial land we'd be inundated with General Commercial rezonings. 13 MS. ALMEIDA: But that was done several years ago. These are not – you're not 14 getting a rezoning today -15 MR. KOCY: Right. 16 17 MS. ALMEIDA: - and they're submitting a site plan tomorrow. MR. KOCY: Right. We're getting site plans submitted on GC property that don't 18 come before this Board because [inaudible]. 19 20 MR. PALMER: Absolutely. But what I'm saying is is if we were losing GC land and people were needing it because we're using it for multi-family and people needed 21 22 General Commercial land then we would be seeing a lot of people saying, I need

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Well but you also bring in the factor that people have current zoning classifications and, you know, zoning classifications they have – their uses will be taken away and you start – I mean -

MS. CAIRNS: It's not a vested right.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And I understand it's not a vested right. I understand it's not a vested right. But my purpose is, I mean, you're going right down to 25% and I guess just to me it's just got a bad feel to it.

MR. PALMER: I don't see the issue. I honestly do not see the issue because we are not seeing people with an outcry saying, I'm losing General Commercial land; we need more General Commercial land.

MS. CAIRNS: Well no but -

MR. PALMER: These multi-family developers are using it up and we're not able to put commercial projects out there. That's not happening.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And I think this would, this would also and I know it's not a affixed to what's here but this would also –

MR. PALMER: It's not a problem to me.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: - this would also open the doors to maybe handling some of the concerns of Council as far as a new commercial zoning classification.

MR. PALMER: I know that some of the zoning issues that I've dealt with with Council there's been a fear of the multi-family component under new zoning classifications where they didn't want multi-family uses but it did make sense for General Commercial. So therefore they were reluctant to rezone it to General Commercial because they didn't want the multi-family component in there. And that

may be where some of this is stemming from; I don't know. All I know is that I don't see the issue with multi-family developers coming in and gobbling up all the General Commercial stuff. What I do see is the – I do see the need for the ability in the future for someone to say this makes sense commercially. It doesn't make sense for multi-family land so therefore we're going to rezone this to GC minus the multi-family component. Whatever you want to call it, GC without residential or whatever it is, I can understand that there's a need for that but for us to simply say we're going to go back and redo everybody's zoning for some perceived incident out there there's not – there's no issue; there's no problem. I don't see the problem and it can't be shown to me.

MR. MANNING: How did the number of 25% come about?

MR. KOCY: Top of my head.

MR. MANNING: Would 50 work, 75 work? I mean, you know, if it's not directed to quantitative or qualitative way of addressing a problem then I think we really do need to open it up for debate if we're going to have any at all.

MR. PALMER: I don't see there's a need.

MR. MANNING: I don't personally see the need but if the Council continues to want something in that regard I think, you know, there's got to be a better mechanism for all of us, especially for the people it effects, to have something just off the top of my head.

MR. KOCY: The number, well, 25 was to allow, encourage mixed-use, but mixed-use with a predominant use of non-residential reflecting the GC intent that at least the classification General Commercial, if it was called mostly – to me the term general commercial is a bit deceptive when one of the options is 100% residential.

MS. CAIRNS: Can you elaborate anymore on some of what, I mean, you've sort of alluded to some of the problems that you've seen with land going to multi-family that was zoned commercial but I mean can you just elaborate where you've seen this be a problem?

MR. PALMER: But Joe, there's been only what two, three, maybe even four projects in the last 12 months of multi-family?

MR. KOCY: It was raised by a couple of Council people and I understand their concern that on major arterial roads, high volume, you know, high traffic roads that there has been discussion and there have been site plans submitted for residential uses and that the concern of the Council was that these high visibility sites are being taken out of our commercial inventory in the county and how do we replace the commercial, how do we replace lands with commercial options when the existing commercial base is being gobbled up by high-density residential? And that there is a multi-family, high-density zoning classification on the books now that can't be used for General Commercial so let's keep the GC land for commercial and use the multi-family zoned land for multi-family housing.

MS. CAIRNS: So basically it's the Council Members who, and correct me if I'm wrong, but there's Council Members that see that this visibility of – the good visibility General Commercial land is being taken by residential use?

MR. KOCY: That was a [inaudible].

MS. CAIRNS: And there's no really replacing that; the visibility of land is the visibility of land. So it's Council that's saying we've seen in our districts land that we know in our districts ought to go commercial and its getting taken over by residential.

MR. KOCY: That option was – I mean, that opinion was raised, yes. 1 MS. CAIRNS: Okay. 2 MR. PALMER: But the permits aren't here to substantiate that. 3 MS. CAIRNS: I – but I mean that was and I was just trying to get to the root of 4 who raised the issue as a problem and it was Council Members within their own 5 districts. That's where, you know, I mean one 12-month segment of permits I don't think 6 is how we decide long-range land use planning. 7 MR. PALMER: No, but it is able to give us the, what's causing this and, you 8 9 know, the current history as to where this came from and what the need is to change things is based on what's going on in the community and if there's nothing really going 10 on in the community and there's perhaps a perceived threat when there's not an actual 11 threat is something that we do need to take into account. 12 MR. KOCY: And the last 12 months it hasn't been GC but it's been industrial 13 14 zoned land has been taken out of the industrial base. MR. PALMER: Why aren't we addressing that? 15 MR. KOCY: And it's high-density housing. 16 17 MR. PALMER: Why aren't we addressing that instead of General Commercial? MR. KOCY: That might be coming next month, don't know. 18 19 MR. MANNING: And that was – we have had that discussion a little bit and as 20 much as some people don't want to acknowledge it, a lot of this is market driven. MR. KOCY: Right. 21 22 MR. MANNING: And if you take the industrial property that is being taken out of 23 commission today they've been passed by from an industrial standpoint and they're no 1 loi
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longer viable. And some of the properties that we might be [inaudible] on a GC basis might be the same thing. So they are sitting there vacant doing nothing and tend to deteriorate a neighborhood in that state. So you know, if you look at the tract on Forest Drive where the Wal-Mart and 42 Magnolia is. That was all commercial. There's a huge apartment complex in there. That to me is a good use. I'd rather see that than a Wal-Mart myself. So I think a lot of it's got to do with just how it impacts somebody's district at a particular given time on a particular given project. But from an overall standpoint I think we need to look at what will work and if apartments do work on that land then we ought to go forward with it. As the Chairman mentioned maybe we do need to address going forward but I don't see the need to change the existing zoning –

MS. CAIRNS: Well, I think it -

MR. MANNING: - take away the ability to make a piece of property productive and that very well might be what we do if we change it.

MS. CAIRNS: I think part of it – I mean, I think your example of the 42 Magnolia's interesting because actually that happens to be an area I know somewhat well and there what you've got is 42 Magnolia nestled very nicely between lower density residential and the commercial. So from a zoning standpoint had that been zoned that would have been like okay commercial near the Interstate, let's knock it down to multifamily and then we'll go on to some single-family and then granted it bumps back up to Trenholm Plaza but you've got –

MR. PALMER: It's actually between all commercial. It's all commercial.

MS. CAIRNS: There's residential back behind there.

MR. KOCY: Behind it.

MR. PALMER: On the backside of it but all on the frontage is all commercial and you get to the major intersection of Forest Drive and Trenholm Road.

MS. CAIRNS: Right. And you go back to Trenholm Plaza. But I mean, the thing is the way we've got it now because we don't, you know, we don't rezone based on desire to control land use, we zone based on requests is that we could get real pot meal where, you know, this piece happens to go commercial, this piece happens to go multifamily, the next one goes commercial and all of a sudden the people in the multi-family feel like they've been totally dissed by zoning because they've gotten surrounded by this commercial use that they didn't, you know, they aren't buffering, you know.

MR. PALMER: Yeah, but there's a difference between multi-family and residential – single-family residential is the multi-family is they're able to leave if they don't like their circumstances they're able to move out of an apartment. It's not like it's your residence; it's your home. It's an apartment and you move into a situation and if something – and that's the reason it's in General Commercial. It's a commercial district. It generates the same amount of traffic and that kind of stuff. I mean, you're able to move if you don't like your circumstances.

MR. KOCY: Multi-family can be a condominium. You would have ownership and not be – you wouldn't be so footloose to just walk away.

MS. CAIRNS: We have done a bad job of getting incompatible land uses right up on top and we don't really ever do anything to address it.

MR. PALMER: Well it seems like we're somewhat at a stalemate so I'll put a motion on the table. I'll make the motion to send this forward to Council with the recommendation of denial. And in conjunction with that I would like for us to notify the

1	General Commercial landowners of a public hearing where we will at the next Council -
2	our next Planning Commission meeting, take up new language as it [inaudible] to a new
3	General Commercial zoning classification which has all the General Commercial uses
4	that are currently afforded under our Code with the exception of the multi-family
5	component.
6	MR. KOCY: I don't have the budget, existing budget to pay for notification, legal
7	notice to every commercially zoned property in the county.
8	MR. PALMER: Well then we must have a lot of it. Then we're not using it all up.
9	MR. KOCY: Well, no. The Code doesn't require [inaudible].
10	MR. PALMER: I know it doesn't require it but it's a postcard.
11	MR. KOCY: I don't have – postcards require stamps and I don't have that kind of
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13	MS. ALMEIDA: Every GC regardless of whether it's vacant or not
14	MR. KOCY: Right.
15	MS. ALMEIDA: - we have to notify –
16	MR. PALMER: Email?
17	MR. KOCY: [Inaudible] notify everybody. I don't –
18	MS. ALMEIDA: - every GC.
19	MR. KOCY: I don't have that kind of postage.
20	MR. MANNING: Well why don't you just drop the notification part and I'll second
21	the motion that we send it forward with a recommendation of denial.

out of land but we don't have enough money to notify those landowners because there's

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so many parcels.

MR. FURGESS: Why don't you just redo your motion? 1 I'll make a motion to send this forward to Council with a MR. PALMER: 2 recommendation of denial and that we have on our - and that's the end of that. And 3 then also make a motion that next Planning Commission meeting we have something 4 on our Agenda that is a new zoning classification which has all the General Commercial 5 uses with the exception of the multi-family as a new zoning classification. 6 MR. KOCY: That will be relatively easy to do. We'll just take this existing 7 language and strike out the residential component and that would be your zoning 8 classification. 9 MR. PALMER: Correct. 10 MS. CAIRNS: GC II or something like that. 11 MR. KOCY: JGC – Just General Commercial. 12 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. So we have two motions on the floor. 13 MR. MANNING: Can we have two motions on the floor? 14 MS. LINDER: I would get a second to the first motion and vote on that 15 separately and then take a motion and a second on the second motion. 16 17 MR. FURGESS: The first part of the motion I second. CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We have a motion and a second. All those in favor of 18 sending this forward to Council with a recommendation of denial signify by raising your 19 hand. 20 [Approved: Anderson, Manning, Palmer, Gilchrist, Ward, Furgess; Opposed: Cairns; 21 22 Absent: Murray, Mattos-Ward] 23 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All opposed?

MR. PALMER: Do you want me to restate the motion again? 1 MS. LINDER: Your second motion is to create a new zoning classification of 2 General Commercial with no residential allowed. 3 MR. PALMER: Correct. 4 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We have a motion; do we have a second? 5 MR. MANNING: What is that for? 6 MR. PALMER: That's for any new zoning requests that may come in to the 7 county or at you know the Council's wisdom is they would like to -8 9 MR. MANNING: So the language if somebody wanted to rezone their property from -10 MR. PALMER: For example, for example --11 MR. MANNING: - residential to GC they would have to know that in this new 12 classification there would be no residential allowed? 13 MR. PALMER: A perfect – 14 MS. CAIRNS: [Inaudible] basically. 15 MR. PALMER: Absolutely. A perfect example would be the parcel that I got 16 17 rezoned out on Killian and 77. I didn't want residential as a component of it but it caused a lot of headaches to a lot of Council Members because it could turn residential. 18 I didn't even want that. I'd have cut out a lot of headache if I'd had had a zoning 19 20 classification I could have asked for GC minus the residential component. If I could have asked for it and gone forward willingly. 21 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: There's a motion on the floor; do we have a second? 22 23 MR. MANNING: Second.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Got a motion and a second. All those in favor – how 1 do I [inaudible] that [inaudible] zoning classification? Creating a new zoning 2 classification please signify by raising your hand. All opposed? 3 [Approved: Cairns, Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Absent: 4 Murray, Mattos-Ward] 5 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: That was unanimous, right? Alright. So let me just 6 for clarification purposes. We're sending this forward with a recommendation of denial. 7 The zoning public hearing is the 29th – 8 MS. LINDER: 24TH. 9 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: - 24th for Council. So they have the choice - they're 10 going to see our [inaudible]? 11 MS. ALMEIDA: Yes. 12 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. And if they choose to defer that's when we 13 will have a zoning public hearing before the Planning Commission to talk about GC, 14 right? 15 MR. PALMER: No. We won't have a zoning – we won't have a public hearing. 16 What we'll have is - it'll be something like - it'll be on our [inaudible] be like this 17 [inaudible]. 18 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: But that's only if they chose to defer also, right? 19 20 MR. PALMER: No, no. It's a complete – we're done with that now. CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We're done with that. Alright. 21 MR. FURGESS: What time is that meeting on the 24th? 22 23 MS. ALMEIDA: Seven o'clock.

MR. KOCY: Seven p.m.

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MR. FURGESS: Seven?

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Signs.

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MR. FURGESS: What page are you on?

MR. PALMER: Sixty-nine.

MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, the next three items are all changes to the sign ordinance. This first one is making it very clear on how we, the county, deals with signs on public property - illegal signs on public property; we remove them. If the illegal sign is on private property we'll go through the traditional notification method of the property

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Next item on the agenda. Chapter 6, Section 26-180,

owner; we will not trespass. But for illegal signs on public property we will remove

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Okay. Any discussion?

MS. CAIRNS: I have a – under 11 the definition of public property I think you defined without really being legally based.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: What page?

MS. CAIRNS: Page 69, Section 1-11. We have that public property includes tree lawns, [inaudible] sidewalks, streets. It seems to me that all portions of a right-ofway are public property and include but is not limited to blah, blah, blah, blah, blah, lah, lah, lah, lah, lah, lah, blah, bl mean, because that's not – what we've got here is not a definition of public – I mean, I don't think we want to try to define public property. But basically it's the right-of-way – I mean, is that -

MS. CAIRNS: Well I guess the italicized part. I think it should say all portions of the right-of-way are public property and include but – and I'm not sure if it's is or are not, you know, includes but is not limited to, and then the tree lawn areas, the streets, the roadways, the medians. You know, to give people a sense of what we're talking about. But I don't think we want to say public property is this because sometimes it's outside the sidewalks and is, you know, it's relatively difficult to ascertain point but yet it exists legally on the edge of the right-of-way.

MR. MANNING: And sometimes it's inside the sidewalks. I mean, it –

MS. CAIRNS: Right. I mean, yeah, yeah. So I mean, I just, I mean, I think giving people a sense of what's included but to basically say that what we're talking about public property we're talking about the right-of-ways. I think that's what we're talking about, you know, and publicly owned parcels I suppose but. And then my other question too is about the prohibited signs on private property. Because you've got here is that you shall notify the owner of the sign and the owner of the property, and wasn't that one of the difficulties is sometimes determining who the owner of a sign is?

MR. KOCY: Yes.

MS. CAIRNS: I mean, is it the requirement only that the property owner get – cause, I mean, again how do you know that you've noticing the owner of the sign if it's one of these?

MR. KOCY: It can be difficult.

MS. CAIRNS: I mean, so I would just sort of say that it seems to me that the owner of the real property is the key.

MR. MANNING: I agree.

leave our options open to either contact, or both, property owner and assigned owner if they are different.

MR. PALMER: Because what if somebody's just putting signs on your property and you don't have any knowledge of it. I mean, are you really going to fined \$1,000 for that?

MR. KOCY: If you as the property owner fail to take corrective action you may be find that; correct. But it's not an automatic fine. If it's you just don't remedy the matter.

MR. PALMER: Let me ask you this.

MS. CAIRNS: If you simply tell the county go pull it down or go hire Joe Blow with a truck to go yank it down then you're not in violation. But if you let somebody [inaudible] on your land and put –

MR. PALMER: All I'm saying is that somebody could very easily put a sign on your property and you not know it and all of a sudden you get a notice and then again. you know, you, you're totally against the sign but somebody puts a sign on your property, you don't know, you get notice from the county, you go out there and take it down. The guy puts the sign right back up. Because I have a guy that's putting laptop PC signs on our property all the time and unless I drive by and pull it out, which I do all the time, I can't control what somebody else does to the property.

MR. KOCY: Contact that laptop PC guy and put him in touch with us and we'll get him noticed; we'll fine him.

MR. PALMER: But then he's going to say I'm not doing it.

MS. ALMEIDA: Well somebody's doing it.

MR. KOCY: I have a hard time believing that somebody is paying for signs and 1 then it's totally out of their control [inaudible]. 2 MR. PALMER: There's no way to prove he does unless you see him doing it. I 3 mean, I could do it. If I knew the guy and he was my neighbor and I didn't like him 4 somebody could go do that all day long. 5 MR. MANNING: So you put it in his yard? 6 MR. PALMER: No, I could go - I'm saying if I didn't like the guy and I'm his 7 neighbor and I know he's doing it, I could go put those signs out all day long and you're 8 9 sending him fines and he's saying I'm not doing it, well yes you are because you're advertising your business. 10 MS. CAIRNS: But that doesn't mean that you don't make the signs illegal. 11 MR. KOCY: Right. 12 MR. PALMER: I'm concerned with the penalty, with the fine penalty to someone 13 who's not doing it. 14 MR. KOCY: If you did not take and again you're working with the Department 15 saying it's not me putting them up it's that darn PC guy; we'll go after the darn PC guy. 16 17 MR. PALMER: But you still have the option to come after me. MR. KOCY: If you fail to take corrective action, yes. 18 MR. PALMER: What defines corrective action? 19 20 MR. KOCY: Taking down the sign. MR. PALMER: I can't sit there and police the property all the time. 21 22 MS. CAIRNS: It's your obligation as a property owner actually.

MR. KOCY: It's the same obligation you have to prevent people from dumping 1 illegally on your property too. 2 MR. PALMER: If people dump on the property then, you know, if somebody 3 wants to dump on the property I can't stop them from doing that. That happens all the 4 time as well. 5 MR. KOCY: But you have to clean it up, right? You just don't leave it there? 6 MR. PALMER: No. You can leave it there. 7 MS. CAIRNS: No, you can't. 8 9 MR. PALMER: Sure you can. MS. CAIRNS: Not under state law you sure can't. 10 MR. KOCY: Not under state you can't. 11 MS. CAIRNS: Absolutely. That's a violation of state law in a heartbeat. Illegal 12 dumping on property. 13 MR. KOCY: Correct. 14 MS. CAIRNS: DHEC will – yeah. 15 MR. PALMER: How do you stop someone from doing that? 16 17 MR. KOCY: Police your property. MS. CAIRNS: Doesn't meant you make it legal though. I mean, we've got to 18 have laws that make illegal signs [inaudible]. 19 20 MR. KOCY: You can't stop it but it doesn't mean you can ignore it once it occurs and that's what we're saying with an illegal sign. If an illegal sign suddenly sprouts on 21 22 your property you as a property owner have an obligation to get rid of it, to take 23 corrective action and get rid of it.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: I guess my question is on the fine [inaudible] I mean we're not looking to pin, pin, pin every – you're going to do your due diligence, find out who's doing it?

MR. KOCY: Yes.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Right? It doesn't sound like -

MR. KOCY: That's the standard county fine for zoning violations and stuff.

MS. CAIRNS: Is that a \$500 fine so there's a doubling under the state; is that why it ends up a thousand bucks?

MR. PRICE: Yeah.

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah. I mean it's a \$500 fine but because of our state legislature it becomes 1,027 because they have a doubling provision for all fines.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Can ya'll put [inaudible] cameras up?

MS. CAIRNS: That's what DHEC will do with illegal dumping though.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Nothing wrong with a good [inaudible] camera.

MR. PALMER: I would like to see something in there where it was documented that the landowner, some kind of way that the landowner – all I'm saying is that somebody who has land spread throughout the county can't constantly police the property.

MS. CAIRNS: You are, I mean, you do have an obligation as a landowner and it says that it's got to be, you know, fails to take remedial actions. So I mean, letting the county know and letting the world know that you're not asking for those signs to be put there certainly would start towards that.

MR. KOCY: Right. That starts corrective action. This doesn't say that as soon as I find an illegal sign on –

MS. CAIRNS: Boom, you're hit with a [inaudible].

MR. KOCY: - your property I issue a violation. No. I send you a letter saying there's an illegal sign.

MR. PALMER: I just asked you what it was and you said leaving the signs there, or not taking the signs down.

MR. KOCY: The first step we would do is to notify you that there is an illegal sign and if you blew me off and said well tough it's illegal, I'm not going to go to that side of town for the next month it'll just have to wait for me to take it down, that's probably not the answer I'd like to hear. As opposed to, I'm removing that sign on a weekly basis because that son-of-a-gun is sticking them up there because it's such a high visibility site. Then we'll work together to get the PC man and try to get him under control. But our first step of action is to not issue you a summons. It's to issue you a notice that there's an illegal sign on your property. And if it's on the right-of-way we take it down. We don't even notify you.

MS. CAIRNS: It's not on your property.

MR. KOCY: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Questions for Staff. There's nobody signed up.

MR. PALMER: Where's that laptop PC man?

MR. MANNING: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to make a motion to we send this forward with a recommendation of approval.

MR. GILCHRIST: Second.

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CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Let's actually restate that. I think there was MR. KOCY: One amendment, Mr. Chairman, was on number 11, Section 1(E), Number 11, Signs Posted on Public Property, to include the definition of right-of-way as public property which might include tree lawn areas, sidewalks, medians, etc. CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And then we had something on the Record owner of MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, I would say that we leave the sign – the owner of the sign because Mr. Palmer is correct. We would like to go after the guy putting up the MR. KOCY: It is difficult to find the PC man because it's a website address and an 800 phone number. There's no address printed on there that we can drive to the business but we would like that option to try to track them down. MR. PALMER: I know where he is.

county the authority to come on to any property? I can give you the authority at any

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send Public Works a notice saying you guys have my permission to clean up the litter and garbage on my site. Go ahead, you can do it. We wouldn't assume that responsibility either.

MR. PRICE: Now we could do it and then as we do let's say [inaudible] overgrown lots, we could clean it and then bill you for the service.

MR. KOCY: Right.

MR. PALMER: That would be better than the \$1,000 fine.

MR. PRICE: Well, it can -

MR. PALMER: Can we do that then? Can we have that as an option?

MS. CAIRNS: [Inaudible] \$1,000 fine requires you do nothing. I mean, you can pick up the phone and call someone and ask them and pay them to remove [inaudible].

MR. PRICE: I think – listen, we do all we can to try to get everything resolved without going to court. If we issue a summons that's really the last option available to us, especially if there's a local owner. We always try to work with them because, you know, let's say you have some property and we would definitely we try to work with you knowing that you're not the one putting the signage on your property.

MR. PALMER: Let me ask you this, do y'alls signs fall under the same category when you leave signs up for longer than 30 days for notices?

MS. CAIRNS: Can the county – when you guys post on public property for a public notice for like a [inaudible] do you guys go and take the signs back down or does the property owner?

MS. LINDER: It's dealing just with the right-of-way?

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MS. CAIRNS: And it's my understanding that's what we're defining as public 1 property. 2 MS. LINDER: That's fine, that's fine. 3 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Okay. We have a motion. Do we have a second? 4 MS. CAIRNS: Second. 5 MR. MANNING: Thought we had a motion and a second. 6 MS. CAIRNS: I thought we had a motion and a second. I thought we were 7 waiting for a vote. 8 9 MR. MANNING: Right. CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All those in favor -10 MS. CAIRNS: We can move and second again. 11 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: - of sending Text Amendment, Section 26-1(A) ahead 12 to Council with a recommendation of approval signify by raising your hands. ΑII 13 opposed? 14 [Approved: Cairns, Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Absent: 15 Murray, Mattos-Ward] 16 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Next Text Amendment. Mr. Kocy. 17 MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, this allows for weekend directional signs for real 18 estate, the lawn signs known in the industry as the bandit signs that you stick in your 19 20 yard. These would be allowed off premises to guide you through a subdivision or a house for sale. It can be no bigger than 24 x 24. They're within three feet of the grade. 21 22 They cannot be in the right-of-way. They can be put up – they cannot be erected before

7:00 p.m. on Friday and they must be down 10:00 a.m. the following Monday. Need to

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keep the signs away from the intersection and that's about it. And they can't be on the South Carolina DOT right-of-way either.

MS. CAIRNS: I was gonna say I wonder, I mean, why three and eight if they can't be in a right-of-way why do we say they can't be in the right-of-way? I mean, that's why I started wondering if the word encroachment, it could be in the right-of-way as long as it wasn't necessarily in the right-of-way. I mean, what -

MS. LINDER: [Inaudible] what your concern is?

MS. CAIRNS: Well, I mean, in number three it says they shall not encroach into the right-of-way. I mean, is that saying that they shall not be in the right-of-way or does encroach mean too close to or only in the part that we really even care about? I don't -

MS. LINDER: Should not be in the right-of-way.

MS. CAIRNS: Okay. So then why do you need number eight? I mean, is that also saying it can't be in the right-of-way? I mean, abutting a road, but then if it's on private property it's a different kind of sign. I mean, is it different? I mean, then I don't think it matters what kind of road it is.

MS. LINDER: Well in number eight I guess you do have the exception if DOT says that they need the sign there then it would be allowed. I guess that would be an exception for number three.

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah, but if it's in the right-of-way then it's going to violate number three.

MR. TUTTLE: I'm sorry, Mr. Chairman. I didn't have a chance to sign up.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Oh, I'm sorry. Hold on a second.

MS. LINDER: I'm just going to suggest that perhaps we blend those two together and just say shall not be in the right-of-way unless the DOT approves it.

MS. CAIRNS: I guess. I mean, it's their property. I mean, I guess if they want to let you into their right-of-way you're not gonna, you know, stop that but it just made it —

TESTIMONY OF DAVID TUTTLE:

MR. TUTTLE: Mr. Chairman, Members of the Planning Commission, thank you for hearing me. As a member of the HBA we had a joint meeting relative to this particular ordinance and I thought the -

MS. LINDER: Could you identify your name and address.

MR. TUTTLE: I'm sorry. I'm David Tuttle with Lake Carolina Development Inspired Communities. I was under the impression when we left that meeting, because we referred to some of the Town of Lexington ordinances as it related to these bandit signs, that clearly those would be allowed in the right-of-way as long as they didn't encroach on any site triangle. Otherwise I'm not sure where we'd even put them. If they weren't appropriate in the right-of-way where would you possibly put a bandit sign?

MR. KOCY: Other part of the county Code prohibits signs in the right-of-way so we couldn't run afoul of that.

MR. TUTTLE: Right but when we had a discussion we talked about the Town of Lexington being an ordinance that you could refer back to for these timeframes, etc., it was clearly our understanding from the HBA prospective that we would also amend that to allow these signs in the right-of-way as they've done in the Town of Lexington. They do an excellent job of enforcement in the Town of Lexington and certainly these are integral to the success of a real estate development or you're trying to sell your house

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by owner or trying to resell your house. We can quantify our traffic both at Lake Carolina and Inspired Communities and we receive anywhere from 20 to 30% of our leads from these directional signs. So it would be detrimental to the real estate industry to prohibit these signs completely. I'm not sure where we got crossed up in our conversation but where – under, what you perceive to mean where would these signs go? I mean, you clearly made allowances for the timeframe, etc., but where would you place the bandit signs?

MR. KOCY: Not in the right-of-way. We don't have jurisdiction over South Carolina DOT right-of-way and our Public Works Department has clearly expressed a desire to not have these signs in their right-of-way.

MR. TUTTLE: I'm just - I'm still trying to understand so what -

MR. PALMER: [Inaudible] you'd have to get permission from an individual property owner to put a sign in their yard.

MR. TUTTLE: No. That was a separate discussion we had relative to I think the next ordinance where you could permit a sign to go on private property and we even talked about instead of 10 or 12 developers having this mass signage that develop kiosk signs similar to what they've done in Atlanta with, you know, very similar lettering, etc. I just – we're confused and certainly the consensus, and I applaud you for sitting down and all of us trying to talk, clearly we were under the impression that these signs would go in the right-of-way just like they do in the Town of Lexington and other areas.

MR. KOCY: David. I'm going to have to disagree with you. It was never my intention – I was not under the impression that the proposal was to allow these signs in the right-of-way. I mailed copies of these ordinances –

MR. TUTTLE: But - okay, but. 1 MR. KOCY: - Earl the end of January and I never heard back from him that that 2 was my misunderstanding. 3 MR. TUTTLE: Well, evidently we missed that and certainly that's why there's a 4 public forum but these signs that you're going to take up – put out of Friday and take up 5 6 on Sunday, where would they go? These would go on private property? MR. KOCY: Correct. 7 MR. MANNING: Under the current ordinance you don't need to have a change in 8 9 the ordinance to do that now. MR. KOCY: They're prohibited. They're off-premise signs; they're prohibited. 10 MR. TUTTLE: Well then what - I'm confused, in the next ordinance that's before 11 the Commission, what, what -12 MR. KOCY: The next ordinance are permanent signs up to two years with a 13 permit. These wouldn't be required – you would need a permit for these signs. 14 MR. TUTTLE: Okay. 15 MR. KOCY: You won't put them in and take them out. 16 MR. TUTTLE: Okay, well obviously we can't do much today but that's clearly not 17 the understanding we had from that meeting. 18 MR. KOCY: I'm sorry for the misunderstanding, David. But I – we've never 19 discussed at that meeting on the 14th of allowing these signs in the right-of-way. That 20 was never part of the discussion. 21 MR. MANNING: Does Lexington allow that? 22

MR. TUTTLE: Yes. Well, I can only speak for the Town of Lexington. I'm not sure what the county's perspective is on that but the Town of Lexington does allow them in the right-of-ways during those certain times as long as they're not in the site triangle or, you know, a safety issue.

MR. MANNING: Thank you. Mr. Kocy, from the engineering department, the utilities department, what is their problem with a sign being located in the right-of-way that would be on a temporary basis [inaudible]?

MR. KOCY: They didn't express their – they didn't go into detail as to why; they just said they prefer to not have signs in their right-of-way.

MR. MANNING: Temporary or permanent?

MR. KOCY: Correct.

MR. MANNING: Either one?

MR. KOCY: Either one.

MR. PALMER: I think it makes it useless unless we allow it in the right-of-way. That's on a weekend basis.

MR. MANNING: I'd like to think we could figure out a way to make that happen. It would be detrimental to disallow signage in the right-of-way but if there's an objection from engineering or utilities as to why a temporary sign would cause them a problem from a safety standpoint or some other standpoint I'd like to hear it and maybe we could address that but, you know, to me either by not addressing the current ordinance as it is or having that provision in the ordinance negates what we're trying to accomplish in the Lexington model so to speak from the real estate signage [inaudible] it becomes an ineffective ordinance.

MR. PALMER: Right. Do you want to have someone from Public Works answer 1 the question? 2 MR. KOCY: You can amend Article three and just say signs shall not obstruct 3 visibility in intersections and strike the, shall not encroach on the road right-of-way and 4 leave item eight alone because that strictly talks about SCDOT. 5 6 MR. MANNING: Right. DOT we have no control over their right-of-way and that is what it is so if that is an option here I would make the motion we send this forward 7 with the recommendation of approval to strike item number three. 8 9 MR. KOCY: Not all of item number three. We don't want to obscure visibility at intersections. 10 MR. MANNING: And leave in the language of "shall not obstruct visibility at 11 intersections." Or visibility period. 12 MS. CAIRNS: So what we're saying is that basically come weekends it's a free 13 for all in the public right-of-way for signs at intersections? 14 MR. KOCY: For real estate signs. 15 MS. CAIRNS: No. 16 17 MR. KOCY: Oh, you're right. MS. CAIRNS: Any signs. 18 MR. KOCY: That's correct. 19 20 MR. FURGESS: Any signs. MS. CAIRNS: Any sign. So the prohibition on erecting signs in the public right-21 of-way is just eliminated during weekends? 22 23 MR. KOCY: That's correct.

MS. CAIRNS: As long as somebody thinks they can see the intersection clearly? I think that's frightful, frankly. I mean, it's bad enough now how many signs we get all over the place but this basically lets anybody and everybody erect any sign that's two foot by two foot at an intersection for the weekend and every weekend, and I think that signs – that lack of any control over signage and we can't make it content specific.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We can't make it content specific?

MS. CAIRNS: No. You violate the Constitution when you do that.

MR. KOCY: The First Amendment.

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah. There's that little thing.

MR. PALMER: I think it works out well in Lexington.

MS. CAIRNS: Well maybe from your standpoint but, you know, as a person that drives around that sees these intersections just cluttered to the end with real estate signs I would not say that's a good thing. I mean, I drive around this county and when I see that I think poorly because they're clutter.

MR. PALMER: I think poorly of vacant subdivisions which would definitely need any kind of boost they can get right now with that 25 to 30% increase in visibility for the citizens of this county.

MS. CAIRNS: Well, you know.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: So we couldn't state real estate signs in general, we have to say signs?

MS. CAIRNS: Yep. You have to let it be every single sign.

MR. KOCY: Mr. PC picture, PC man signs would be legal.

MR. MANNING: What if you had directional signs?

technically if Starbucks wanted to go out on Friday and put a sign up and take it down

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on Monday, they could. That doesn't happen in Lexington so why would it happen here? It could, yes.

MS. LINDER: But this is not just for any sign. These are directional signs. It has to be giving directions for a use that's taking place other than where the sign is located. It's not an advertising sign; it's a directional sign.

MR. PALMER: Right. So I wouldn't have any problem with us inserting the language in here that no phone number or web address is to be placed on the sign; correct? And it's directional in content. Someone couldn't just advertise call me at this number.

MS. CAIRNS: What happens if -

MR. KOCY: May I ask Mr. Tuttle a question? If I'm going to look at Lake Carolina to buy a house and there's not a phone number and I get lost or am curious if you're open at 8:00 o'clock on Saturday morning when I'm out cruising; would that hurt? Would that hurt or help you not having a phone number?

MR. TUTTLE: I think clearly it was a concession at some point in time as to try to alleviate some of the concerns the Commission had. We certainly do them in – right now in some areas of town with phone – areas of town with phone numbers where it's allowed and in other areas without and, you know, I think without the phone number or the web address is fine as long as we can guide people there who happen to be out on a weekend. You know, one of the reasons for the weekend is that's primarily when the traffic for the real estate business shows up is obviously on a weekend.

MS. CAIRNS: What happens at 10:30 on Monday morning when the signs are still there?

MR. TUTTLE: If they're not removed there's a fine and they're very strict in their enforcement in the Town of Lexington and some people have paid substantial fines for not having them up. There are actually sign contractors that do this where these ordinances have been passed around the state and they get a group of businesses and they go out and put them out on Friday and take them up on Sunday. That's what we do to make sure they get taken up is we contract that out.

MR. PALMER: I would imagine that would fall under the current sign ordinance that we just talked about and you'll get a \$1,000 fine.

MR. KOCY: [Nods yes]

MR. PALMER: Do we have a motion on the floor?

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: I'd like to hear the changes real quick.

MR. PALMER: Do we have a motion? No? Deas, did you put one?

MR. MANNING: We had a motion to approve subject to removing the encroachment language in item number three and leaving the "shall not obstruct visibility at intersections" language in.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We have a motion. Do we have a second?

MS. WARD: Second.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We have a motion and a second. All those in favor of sending this forward to Council with a recommendation of approval signify by raising your hand. All opposed?

[Approved: Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Opposed: Cairns;

Absent: Murray, Mattos-Ward]

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. Last Text Amendment is 26-180, Mr. Kocy.

MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, there is a typo in this one, minor. If you flip to page 75, under Section 1, the new language sign temporary off-premise, please strike the language that says "After contractors or craftsmen signs" strike the language "at a construction site." Those signs could be anywhere. And what this proposal does is create a new off-premise sign. We're calling it temporary because the permit is valid for 24 months. Signs four feet by eight feet may be allowed in any and all zoning districts. Constructed of a durable material because we don't want them to look shoddy after six or 12 months. They may be illuminated and it is again a sign announcing a business, a location, a subdivision, a restaurant, a craftsman, a car, whatever.

MS. CAIRNS: Is there anything that limits the quantity of these on any given -

MR. KOCY: No.

MS. CAIRNS: So one parcel could have a ton of these on it?

MR. KOCY: Correct.

MR. PALMER: I make a motion to approve.

MR. GILCHIRST: Second.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Got a motion and a second on the floor. All those in favor [inaudible] please signify by raising your hands. All opposed?

[Approved: Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Opposed: Cairns; Absent: Murray, Mattos-Ward]

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. That concludes – got one more? That concludes the text amendments. The rules of procedure – are we going under the rules [inaudible] after the comp plan?

MR. KOCY: Mr. Chairman, I have a very, very, very brief update to the comprehensive plan. We mailed out under separate cover a response document. This is the compilation of all the questions, suggestions we got on the comp plan and we made a few minor modifications to the comp plan based on input we got and the suggestions we got from citizens.

MR. MANNING: Are the public hearings now finalized?

MR. KOCY: We're going with the next round of public hearings done in conjunction with Council Members. So there's some concern from some Council Members that they were unable to attend Wednesday meetings and so they wanted to have a meeting in their district to field questions.

MR. MANNING: Can y'all send that schedule to us -

MR. KOCY: Yes.

MR. MANNING: - as well because I didn't get to attend myself.

MR. KOCY: We can do that. So far I believe we only have three meetings planned with Council people so far. There's a meeting this Thursday night in Blythewood. Blythewood has requested that they have the ability to hold a meeting on the comp plan in Blythewood so it'll be at the Blythewood Room at the Holiday Inn Express this Thursday from 6:00 to 7:30.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All on the comp plan?

MR. KOCY: That's it.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Rules of procedure.

MS. LINDER: Mr. Chairman, at the Chairperson's request I have amended your Planning Commission Rules of Procedure. I believe that draft has been passed out to you. Changes on page four and it's at your discretion.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Basically I just wanted to explain – on Section VI, Liaison to Council. At the time I felt like it would [inaudible] at any time that we disagree with Staff that the Planning Commission have a liaison to explain the Planning Commission's position when it does disagree with Staff. I think the way it's presented at Council level is Planning Commission denied and that's it or disagreed with Staff and then it's my understanding -

MS. LINDER: We would present your amendment but not necessarily explain your reasoning behind it.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Sure. And I think there are times when sometimes a paragraph doesn't explain the whole Planning Commission's position. So it would – I thought it was a good idea to at least have somebody go up and [inaudible] appointed by the Chairperson.

MS. CAIRNS: I think it would very difficult to send up one person to explain the reason for the vote. I think that our rules and requirements, especially if we disagree with Staff, require that we give why and does that why go with our vote?

MR. KOCY: Yes.

MS. CAIRNS: And I think outside of that sending someone up to explain what wasn't – I mean, if there needs to be an explanation as to why we went against Staff we do it here and it ends up as the reason why we went against Staff when it goes to them. But then to send somebody up to explain, you know, our position against I think is –

MR. PALMER: I think what this is is to have someone available if the County Council members have additional questions as to – that's not there that someone will be there to answer those questions as to perhaps what the thinking of the Planning Commission was at the time of the vote.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And I think it's also -

MS. CAIRNS: But I – I think it's wrought with problems because basically you're asking that person to speak without having, you know, without having a fully vetted rationale, I mean. Because if Council starts going into questions that weren't raised that person is deciding based on what their personal belief was what was the position of the Commission and I don't think that's accurate.

MR. PALMER: I don't think they're there to deal with their personal opinions. They're there to present what happened at the Planning Commission meeting and what the rationale was behind, you know, why we decided to do what we did.

MS. CAIRNS: But unless we sit down and explain, I mean, we – I think that we give the rationale as a part of the vote and to try to then later on expound on it; I think it's a bad idea. I think we need to have more discussion here as to why we're going against Staff when we go against Staff because I think sometimes the discussion that we have here are very limited and frankly I'm not convinced that they're sufficient under our delegation of responsibility and under our operating procedures. So to then say well we'll just send somebody up that will be designated to tell Council why we voted the way we did when we don't even have enough discussion here to sometimes explain why we voted the way we did.

MR. MANNING: You know, I – it is difficult for somebody to speak on somebody else's behalf. The Minutes reflect the conversation, the sentiments of the Planning Commission and I don't know that the Council gets the full flavor of a lot of discussions that we've had on some pretty large issues. And I guess you could say the glass is half empty and somebody would speak out of school as to what the intent of the Planning Commission was but by and large I think mostly anybody sitting up there would try to articulate the conversation that went on at least, and refer them back to what they have in front of them. I don't know whether they use it or not. Do they?

MR. PALMER: A lot of times our Minutes aren't even available to them at the time.

MS. ALMEIDA: Yes, they are. We provide the votes of the Planning Commission. We give the reasoning as to why the vote was different from Staff recommendation, and on many cases we will get an email or request for the Minutes ahead of time.

MR. MANNING: There are meetings that we don't approve our own Minutes until

MR. PALMER: We don't get our Minutes.

MR. MANNING: - the following meeting so that by that time Council couldn't approve -

MS. ALMEIDA: There are times that they will defer until they get those Minutes.

MR. MANNING: Sometimes I know they don't.

MS. CAIRNS: Well, I mean, the thing is that any time you have a body voting, I mean, even when we vote unanimously if after the fact you went down the list and said

okay why did you vote the way you did it would differ. So this idea of trying to discern the intent is not something that a single person can offer the body's intent. I mean, we talk about this is interpreting ordinances all the time. You can't go back to what the intent was. All you can go back to is what was passed and what was the reason given as the reason for the passage or the non-passage. To go back and try to offer intent it would, I mean, everybody would offer a different intent.

MR. PALMER: But you can offer did you take into consideration this or did you take into consideration that.

MS. CAIRNS: Well that's why – I mean, the Staff is offering that they ask for Minutes but I think sending someone up with the express goal of offering what the Commission's intent is is not proper because there is no such thing.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: I don't think, and I think a larger picture behind that and that's — I don't totally disagree with you [inaudible]. There seems to be a disconnect sometimes with the Planning Commission and having at least some — not necessarily a spokesperson, I don't want to call it that but just a liaison between the two boards might give some clarity on where the Commission as a whole with and including the Minutes, you know, where we stand on certain rezonings because we do tackle some very, very large rezoning issues that there are times where sometimes our explanations are two and three sentences long and those might need to be expanded.

MS. CAIRNS: Yeah. But I don't think that a person can go up there and offer to Council what the explanation or what the intent of the Commission was. If Council wants to know they can come and sit in, which they do sometimes on bigger issues, or

they could possibly ask for more. Please clarify or remand this matter back for additional explanation. But to send a person up to explain what the intent was, no.

MR. PALMER: It's one person to be available to answer questions in my – that's the way I'm reading it. Someone that would be available not specifically to say okay I'm speaking to every agenda item. But if a Council Member wished to ask a Member of the Planning Commission, the liaison from the Planning Commission a question as to whether something was considered or to explain something that occurred in the Minutes or explain anything else they're able to do that.

MS. CAIRNS: Well, I mean, first of all they're going to be going off of memory? And is that person truly, I mean, we all have our own opinions about stuff and so somebody says well, you know, was this considered and I might sort of - thought well it was marginally considered so I might say no and I might say yeah this was considered. I mean, I don't think any one of us is the appropriate person to offer what all of us discussed because we are the voting members. I mean, it's just not, you know, if Staff wants to offer, I think Staff is much more neutral in terms of offering what we all talked about. I mean, I just don't, you know, I don't think it's appropriate for one of us to be the spokesman for the Commission. You know, there's the Minutes. They can go off the Minutes and see what was discussed.

MR. PALMER: I just think it's appropriate. I agree, I think it's appropriate to have someone there to answer questions from the Council if they so wanted to have. They may not ask a question for a year but if they ever wanted to ask a question then someone would be available to answer it for them.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: And I – and it also, I think it shows a part of the Planning Commission to be there as far as hey we're willing to stand behind our [inaudible] Minutes. Here's what the Planning Commission voted. We can refer – I mean, I think a liaison could easily refer back to the Minutes and just basically say that. I think it's a gesture stating that we want this disconnect; we want a tighter connection and I think it makes sense. I mean, I know intent -

MS. CAIRNS: It needs to be a neutral person. It shouldn't be someone on the Commission.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Well and there are times where the Staff isn't as neutral.

MR. PALMER: The Staff has their own recommendation.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: The Staff has their own – yeah, exactly. And I just, you know, it was just a thought and I thought that having a liaison would bridge that gap at times where our Minutes don't exactly [inaudible].

MS. CAIRNS: That's all we've got.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Explain, explain -

MS. CAIRNS: We should have more discussion.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: - the flavor of discussion.

MS. CAIRNS: We should have more Minutes. We should have more discussion. We really don't have discussion. I mean, we just recommended a sign ordinance that is unbelievably frightful. It allows four by eight panels of plywood all over the county for up to three years just because it happens to mention a series of things. That's unbelievable. We just billboarded the city. We just allowed every [inaudible] you know

why Planning Commission person who happens to be here today who was asked by the Chairman to go speak, why? You know, I mean, first of all do we want to sit there and say I don't know we never talked about it. I mean, [inaudible].

MR. PALMER: Well in that case —

unbelievable or at least we just recommended with absolutely no discussion

whatsoever, you know, and I, you know. So what would, you know, Council would say

MS. CAIRNS: - or do you want them to say, well you know, or is the person going to offer why they voted.

MR. PALMER: Well it's never an [inaudible] why they voted.

MS. CAIRNS: You know, the reason I thought it was good was because I thought it would help, you know, this part of the economy and they'd offer all these reasons that were never part of our public discussion.

MR. PALMER: That's not part of what -

MS. CAIRNS: They would be guessing that would be the intent. I think we ought to let our Minutes be what they are. We need our motions and why we go against Staff be what they are but I think to pick a person and say it's your job to go explain why we did what we did, I would never support that. I mean, do you guys want me going up there explaining what we did what we did? I don't think so.

MR. MANNING: Well, I think [inaudible] I would have faith in you to do that. I don't think you would just go up there and say this was my opinion and the Commissioner's were something else.

MS. CAIRNS: Good.

MR. MANNING: The Minutes are not going to reflect that I mean.

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really any reason other than well this isn't just granting a grandfathering but it's kind of a good thing so I think we'll just allow it.

MR. PALMER: That's not at all what he said.

MS. CAIRNS: I mean, I don't think there was a whole lot in that.

MR. MANNING: [Inaudible] next month if we get them in time for the meeting and see if that's what I said. I don't think that's what I said.

MS. CAIRN: You know, but there was no – okay.

MR. MANNING: I mean, the floor was open for further discussion. I explained what I felt was the reasoning behind allowing an OI in that area. You certainly could have said what you felt.

MS. CAIRNS: Alright.

MR. PALMER: I'll make the motion to amend our rules as it applies to Section VI in the liaison to County Council. That liaison to be there to be available to answer questions from Council Members should they have any questions.

MR. MANNING: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to have some further discussion maybe with somebody from the Council.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Sure.

MR. MANNING: And I'm not in favor of having [inaudible] bring out the fact that excuse me, I'm sorry. Mr. Chairman, I would like to have some further conversation on that issue. Maybe engage somebody from the Council as to the need for that, but address more some of the problems that we've discussed and some ways that we might limit the concerns that Ms. Cairns has [inaudible] if that would be okay. I'd like to make a motion we defer that issue after further discussion.

CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We have a motion; do we have a second? 1 MR. PALMER: What happened to my motion? 2 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Oh, I'm sorry. We have two motions. I'm sorry. We 3 need to – Mr. Palmer has a motion on the floor. 4 MS. LINDER: Mr. Chairman, the substitute motion takes precedent so you vote 5 on the substitute motion before you vote on the main motion. If there was a second on 6 the deferral than you would take that up first. 7 MR. PALMER: [Inaudible] 8 MR. MANNING: Mine was the motion to defer. 9 MS. CAIRNS: Huh? 10 MR. MANNING: I made a motion to defer. 11 MS. CAIRNS: I would second the motion to defer. 12 MS. LINDER: Then that's the vote you would take first. If that motion fails then 13 you take up the main motion. 14 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We have a motion; we have a second. And we don't 15 send this to Council at all, amending our rules. 16 17 MS. LINDER: That is correct; this would not go to Council. CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All those in favor of deferring please signify by raising 18 your hand. All opposed? 19 [Approved: Cairns, Ward, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Opposed: Palmer; 20 Absent: Murray, Mattos-Ward] 21 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: So it is deferred. If somebody wants to shoot some 22 23 emails. I guess we need to have that discussion in a public forum; correct?

1	MR. PALMER: I would recommend that anybody who has issues with it to
2	submit those so we can having something to discuss at our next meeting. So people
3	can think about it before the next meeting as opposed to just laying it on everybody
4	cold.
5	MR. KOCY: Mr. Anderson, I have an amendment I'd like you to consider.
6	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Sure.
7	MR. KOCY: The three people at this table typically go to zoning public hearings
8	so if the liaison could buy us dinner before the meeting. [Laughter] That's my motion.
9	MR. MANNING: Do you need a second for that or is that just –
10	MR. KOCY: For your consideration next month, Mr. Manning.
11	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Alright. So that will be deferred. Let's see. Road
12	name approvals.
13	MR. PALMER: No road names.
14	MR. FURGESS: They were emailed to us weren't they?
15	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: They were emailed to us?
16	MR. FURGESS: Yeah.
17	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: I did not get that email.
18	MR. GILCHRIST: I did not get that either.
19	MS. CAIRNS: I got it; I printed it.
20	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: I did not. Having said that I [inaudible].
21	MR. MANNING: Mr. Chairman, I make a motion that we adjourn if we have no
22	further business.
23	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: We've got road names.

1	MR. MANNING: I thought you said there were none.
2	MS. CAIRNS: Well there were. They were emailed.
3	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Some people got them, some people didn't.
4	MS. LINDER: I would probably recommend deferral on this if not everybody has
5	received them.
6	MR. PALMER: Heather, can you pass those down real quick so we can –
7	MS. CAIRNS: [Inaudible]
8	MR. PALMER: If we can look at them real quick we can vote on them.
9	MS. ALMEIDA: I don't have them.
10	MR. PALMER: Heather has them.
11	MS. CAIRNS: I think I do.
12	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Y'all don't have them?
13	MS. CAIRNS: Here they are, here by are.
14	MR. PALMER: Heather's got them.
15	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Well, if they weren't advertised.
16	[Inaudible discussion]
17	MS. CAIRNS: I just don't want to live on Experiment Lane.
18	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Everybody had a chance to look at the road names?
19	Is there a motion on the floor?
20	MS. CAIRNS: Make a motion that we approve the road names.
21	MS. WARD: Second.
22	CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: All in favor signify by raising your hand.

90 [Approved: Cairns, Ward, Palmer, Anderson, Manning, Gilchrist, Furgess; Absent: 1 Murray, Mattos-Ward] 2 CHAIRMAN ANDERSON: Mr. Deas had a motion to adjourn. 3 MR. MANNING: Motion to adjourn. 4 MR. PALMER: Second. 5 6 [Meeting Adjourned at 3:30 p.m.] 7